

**BYLAWS  
OF THE  
HIGH SCHOOL RODEOS OF B.C.**  
(May 4, 2018)  
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**BYLAWS  
OF THE  
HIGH SCHOOL RODEOS OF B.C.**

**1. INTERPRETATION**

**1.1 Definitions**

In these Bylaws and the Constitution of the Society, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) **“Act”** means the *Societies Act*, S.B.C. 2015, c. 18, as amended from time to time, and includes any successor legislation thereto;
- (b) **“Address of the Society”** means the address of the Society as filed from time to time with the Registrar;
- (c) **“BCHSRA”** acronym for High School Rodeos of BC and the use of the term BC High School Rodeo Association may be used to refer to the Society
- (d) **“BCHSRA Rules and Guidelines”** means those rules and guidelines created by the Board and that may be revised from time to time. Also known as the **“Provincial Handbook”**
- (e) **“Board”** means the Directors acting as authorized by Act, the Constitution and these Bylaws in managing or supervising the management of the affairs of the Society and exercising the powers of the Society;
- (f) **“Board Resolution”** means:
  - (i) a resolution passed by a simple majority of the votes cast in respect of the resolution by the Directors entitled to vote on such matter:
    - (A) in person at a duly constituted meeting of the Board,
    - (B) by Electronic Means in accordance with these Bylaws, or
    - (C) by combined total of the votes cast in person and by Electronic Means; or
  - (ii) a resolution that has been submitted to all Directors and consented to in writing by 2/3 of the Directors who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution at a meeting of the Board,and a Board Resolution approved by any of these methods is effective as though passed at a meeting of the Board;
- (g) **“Bylaws”** means the bylaws of the Society as filed with the Registrar;
- (h) **“Constitution”** means the constitution of the Society as filed with the Registrar;
- (i) **“Directors”** means those Persons who are, or who subsequently become, directors in accordance with these Bylaws and have not ceased to be directors;

- (j) **“Electronic Means”** means any system or combination of systems, including but not limited to mail, telephonic, electronic, radio, computer or web-based technology or communication facility, that:
  - (i) in relation to a meeting or proceeding, permits all participants to communicate with each other or otherwise participate in the proceeding contemporaneously, in a manner comparable, but not necessarily identical, to a meeting where all were present in the same location, and
  - (ii) in relation to a vote, permits all eligible voters to cast a vote on the matter for determination in a manner that adequately discloses the intentions of the voters;
- (k) **“Eligible Party”** means:
  - (i) a Person who is or was a Director or officer of the Society, as determined in accordance with these Bylaws;
  - (ii) such other Person described in the Act that is or was appointed or elected by the Directors to exercise authority to manage the activities or internal affairs of the Society as a whole or in respect of a principal unit of the Society;
  - (iii) a Person who holds or held a position equivalent to what is described in either sub-paragraph (i) or (ii) above in a subsidiary of the Society, if any; or
  - (iv) the heir or personal or legal representative of a Person described in (i), (ii) or (iii) above;
- (l) **“General Meeting”** means a meeting of the Members, and includes any annual general meeting and any extraordinary general meetings of the Society;
- (m) **“Income Tax Act”** means the *Income Tax Act*, R.S.C. 1985 (5<sup>th</sup> Supp.), c.1 as amended from time to time;
- (n) **“Members”** means those Persons who are, or who subsequently become, members of the Society in accordance with these Bylaws and, in either case, have not ceased to be members;
- (o) **“National Association”** (NHSRA) means the National High School Rodeo Association, Inc., or its successor corporation;
- (p) **“NHSRA Rules, By-Laws & Constitution”** mean the Rules, By-laws and Constitution of the National Association that may be revised from time to time and must be followed by its member associations.
- (q) **“Ordinary Resolution”** means:
  - (i) a resolution passed by a simple majority of the votes cast in respect of the resolution by those Members entitled to vote;

- (A) in person at a duly constituted General Meeting, or
- (B) by Electronic Means in accordance with these Bylaws, or
- (C) by combined total of the votes cast in person at a General Meeting and the votes cast by Electronic Means; or

- (ii) a resolution that has been submitted to the Members and consented to in writing by at least 2/3 of the voting Members,

and an Ordinary Resolution approved by any one or more of these methods is effective as though passed at a General Meeting of the Society;

- (r) **“Person”** means a natural person;
- (s) **“Provincial Handbook”** see BCHSRA Rules and Guidelines
- (t) **“Registered Address”** of a Member or Director means the address of that Person as recorded in the register of Members or the register of Directors;
- (u) **“Registrar”** means the Registrar of Companies of the Province of British Columbia;
- (v) **“Society”** means the “High School Rodeos of B. C.”;
- (w) **“Special Resolution”** means:
  - (i) a resolution, of which the notice required by the Act and these Bylaws has been provided, passed by at least **2/3 of the votes cast** in respect to the resolution:
    - (A) in person at a duly constituted General Meeting,
    - (B) by Electronic Means in accordance with these Bylaws, or
    - (C) by combined total of the votes cast in person at a General Meeting and the votes cast by Electronic Means; or
  - (ii) a resolution that has been submitted to the Members and consented to in writing by every Member who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution in person at a General Meeting,

and a Special Resolution approved by any one or more of these methods is effective as though passed at a General Meeting;

## 1.2 **Societies Act Definitions**

Except as otherwise provided, the definitions in the Act on the date these Bylaws become effective apply to these Bylaws and the Constitution.

## 1.3 **Plural and Singular Forms**

In these Bylaws, a word defined in the plural form includes the singular and vice-versa.



## 2. NATIONAL HIGH SCHOOL RODEO ASSOCIATION

- (a) High School Rodeos of BC is currently a member of the National Association and must ensure that it does nothing to lose that membership
- (b) High School Rodeos of BC, its members and its board must ensure that the bylaws and constitution of the National Association are followed except where they may conflict with local or provincial legislation
- (c) All rules and regulations created by the Board must not conflict with the National Rule Book unless they are required to meet local or provincial legislation
- (d) Any changes to the current rules, regulations or bylaws must be forwarded to the National Association for its approval.

## 3. MEMBERSHIP

### 3.1 Term of Membership

Term of membership will be from August 1 to July 31 each year.

### 3.2 Admission to Membership

Membership in the Society will be restricted to:

- (a) those Persons who are Members in good standing on the date these Bylaws come into force; and
- (b) those Persons whose subsequent application for admission as a Member has been accepted by the Directors;

provided, in each case, that such Person has not ceased to be a Member pursuant to section 3.12.

### 3.3 Classes of Membership

There will be three (3) classes of voting membership, being:

- (a) Junior Members;
- (b) Senior Members; and,
- (c) Associate Members.

### 3.4 Eligibility for Membership Junior Members

A Person may be eligible to be accepted as a Junior Member if he or she:

- (a) is qualified to compete under the NHSRA Rules in the Junior High Division; and,
- (b) is interested in advancing the purposes and supporting the activities of the Society.

Membership in BCHSRA does not guarantee membership with the National Association

### Senior Members

A Person may be eligible to be accepted as a Senior Member if he or she:

- (a) is qualified to compete under the NHSRA Rules in the High School Division; and,
- (b) is interested in advancing the purposes and supporting the activities of the Society.

Membership in BCHSRA does not guarantee membership with the National Association

#### Associate Members

A Person may be eligible to be accepted as an Associate Member if he or she is:

- (a) at least 18 years of age; and,
- (b) interested in advancing the purposes and supporting the activities of the Society.

### **3.5 Transition of Membership**

On the date these Bylaws come into force:

- (a) each Person who is a member of the Society in good standing and who is eligible for membership under these Bylaws will continue as a Member until the conclusion of the current term of membership, unless sooner ceasing; and
- (b) each Person who is a member of the Society not in good standing who is ineligible for membership under these Bylaws will be deemed to have resigned from membership effective that date.

### **3.6 Membership Coordinator**

The Board may delegate the review and acceptance of new applications and re-applications for membership to a position or committee within the Society, which Person or body will be referred to for the purposes of these sections as the **membership coordinator**.

If no membership coordinator is designated by the Board, then the duties for that position set out in these Bylaws remain with the Board.

### **3.7 Application for Membership**

An eligible Person may apply to the Society to become a Member as follows:

- (a) by submitting a completed application, in such form and manner as may be established by the Society, at the Address of the Society or to an authorized representative of the Society; and
- (b) by submitting such information or documentation as the membership coordinator may require to confirm eligibility for membership.

### **3.8 Reviewing and Acceptance of Application**

The membership coordinator, if any, shall review all applications for membership in the Society and may, if necessary to determine eligibility for membership, request the Person to provide further information or documentation in support of the application.

The membership coordinator may, by entering the Person's information into the membership register, accept that Person as a Member in the appropriate class as determined in accordance with these Bylaws.

### **3.9 Reporting and Ratification of Membership**

The membership coordinator, if any, shall regularly report to the Board in relation to applications for membership received and approved.

At such times, the Board shall consider a Board Resolution to ratify the approval of memberships made in the last interval and may, if necessary, determine any issues related to membership of an applicant.

### **3.10 Referral of Application to Board**

The membership coordinator, if any, may at any time refer an application for membership to the Board for further consideration and, if so referred, the Board may, by Board Resolution, accept, postpone or refuse an application for membership.

The Board may refuse or postpone an application for membership for any reason which, in the Board's view, is necessary or prudent to protect the reputation and integrity of the Society.

### **3.11 Membership not Transferable**

Membership is not transferable by a Member.

### **3.12 Cessation of Membership**

A Person will immediately cease to be a Member:

- (a) upon the date which is the later of the date of delivering his or her resignation in writing to the Secretary or to the Address of the Society and the effective date of the resignation stated thereon;
- (b) upon his or her expulsion; or
- (c) upon his or her death.

## **4. MEMBERSHIP RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS**

### **4.1 Rights of Membership**

#### Junior Members

A Junior Member in good standing has the following rights of membership:

- (a) to receive notice of, and to attend, all General Meetings;
- (b) to make or second motions at a General Meeting and to speak in debate on motions under consideration in accordance with such rules of order as may be adopted;
- (c) to serve on committees of the Society, as invited;

- (d) to exercise a vote on matters for determination at General Meetings;
- (e) to nominate Persons to stand for election as Directors, in accordance with these Bylaws;
- (f) to nominate and vote in elections of the Student Executive Committee; and
- (g) to participate in the programs and initiatives of the Society, in accordance with such criteria as may be determined by the Board from time to time.

A Senior Member in good standing has the following rights of membership:

- (a) to receive notice of, and to attend, all General Meetings;
- (b) to make or second motions at a General Meeting and to speak in debate on motions under consideration in accordance with such rules of order as may be adopted;
- (c) to serve on committees of the Society, as invited;
- (d) to exercise a vote on matters for determination at General Meetings;
- (e) to nominate Persons to stand for election as Directors, in accordance with these Bylaws;
- (f) to nominate and vote in elections of the Student Executive Committee; and
- (g) to participate in the programs and initiatives of the Society, in accordance with such criteria as may be determined by the Board from time to time.

An Associate Member in good standing has the following rights of membership:

- (a) to receive notice of, and to attend, all General Meetings;
- (b) to make or second motions at a General Meeting and to speak in debate on motions under consideration in accordance with such rules of order as may be adopted;
- (c) to serve on committees of the Society, as invited;
- (d) to exercise a vote on matters for determination at General Meetings;
- (e) to nominate Persons to stand for election as Directors, in accordance with these Bylaws;
- (f) to be elected as a Director, in accordance with these Bylaws; and
- (g) to participate in the programs and initiatives of the Society, in accordance with such criteria as may be determined by the Board from time to time

#### **4.2 Member not in Good Standing**

A Member who is not in good standing has the right to receive notice of, and to attend, all General Meetings, and the right to participate in programs or initiatives of the Society (subject to eligibility) but is suspended from all of the other rights set out in section 4.1 for so long as he or she remains not in good standing.

### 4.3 Dues

Membership fees/dues, will be reviewed by the directors annually, any amendments to fees/dues must be authorized by an ordinary resolution at an Annual General Meeting.

### 4.4 Standing of Members

All Members are deemed to be in good standing except:

- (a) a Member who has failed to pay such annual membership dues as are determined by the Board, if any, when due and owing and such Member is not in good standing so long as such amount remains unpaid;
- (b) a Member who has failed to pay by the due date for any mandatory fundraising ;
- (c) a Member who has failed to submit any monies received from fundraising; and,
- (d) a Member who has been suspended by the Society.

### 4.5 Compliance with Constitution, Bylaws and Policies

Every Member will, at all times:

- (a) uphold the Constitution and comply with these Bylaws, the BCHSRA Rules and Guidelines, the National High School Rodeo Association Rules, By-Laws & Constitution and the policies of the Society in effect from time to time;
- (b) abide by such codes of conduct and ethics adopted by the Society; and
- (c) further and not hinder the purposes, aims and objects of the Society.

### 4.6 Disqualification/Expulsion of Member

The Board has the right and responsibility to enforce the rules of the National High School Rodeo Association. Actions taken may include disqualification, censure, probation, removal, suspension or expulsion. Disciplinary action may be taken against any member, contestant, parent or guardian of members or contestants or any member of the public attending a Provincial or National rodeo or function. Members or contestants may be subject to all disciplinary procedures due to actions of a parent or guardian

The Board must adhere to the NHSRA Rules when considering disciplinary action.

A Person has the right to appeal the Board's decision to the National Association as per its Rules. A decision by the National Association Appeal Committee is final and must be accepted by both the Board and the Person in question.

### 4.7 No Distribution of Income to Members

The activities of the Society will be carried on without purpose of gain for its members and any income, profits or other accretions to the Society will be used in promoting the purposes of the Society.

## **5. MEETINGS OF MEMBERS**

### **5.1 Time and Place of General Meetings**

The General Meetings of the Society will be held at such time and place, in accordance with the Act, as the Board decides.

### **5.2 Annual General Meetings**

An annual general meeting will be held at least once in every calendar year and in accordance with the Act.

### **5.3 Extraordinary General Meeting**

Every General Meeting other than an annual general meeting is an extraordinary general meeting.

### **5.4 Calling of Extraordinary General Meeting**

The Society will convene an extraordinary general meeting by providing notice in accordance with the Act and these Bylaws in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) at the call of the President;
- (b) when resolved by Board Resolution; or
- (c) when such a meeting is requisitioned by the Members in accordance with the Act.

### **5.5 Notice of General Meeting**

The Society will provide notice of every General Meeting to each Member as follows:

- (a) by e-mail sent to the address provided by each Member who has provided the Society with an e-mail address not less than fourteen (14) days and not more than sixty (60) days prior to the date of the General Meeting; and
- (b) by posting notice of the General Meeting on the Society's website for Members, for at least twenty-one (21) days immediately prior to the date of the General Meeting.

If necessary in the Board's discretion, the Society may send notice of a General Meeting to one or more Members either personally, by delivery, courier or by mail posted to such Member's Registered Address, or, where the member has provided a fax number or e-mail address, by fax or e-mail, respectively.

### **5.6 Contents of Notice**

Notice of a General Meeting will specify the place, the day and the time of the meeting and will include the text of every Special Resolution to be proposed or considered at that meeting.

If the Board has determined to hold a General Meeting to include participation by Electronic Means, the notice of that meeting must inform Members that they may participate by Electronic Means and provide instructions on how this may be done.

### **5.7 Omission of Notice**

The accidental omission to give notice of a General Meeting to a Member, or the non-receipt of notice by a Member, does not invalidate proceedings at that meeting.

## **6. PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS**

### **6.1 Business Required at Annual General Meeting**

The following business is required to be conducted at each annual general meeting of the Society:

- (a) the adoption of an agenda;
- (b) the adoption of rules of order;
- (c) the approval of the minutes of the previous annual general meeting and any extraordinary general meetings held since the previous annual general meeting;
- (d) consideration of the report of the Directors;
- (e) consideration of the financial statements and the report of the auditor thereon, if any;
- (f) the consideration of any Members' proposals submitted in accordance with the Act; and
- (g) the election of Directors.

The annual general meeting may include other business as determined by the Board in its discretion.

### **6.2 Attendance at General Meetings**

In addition to Members, Directors and the Society's auditor, if any, the Board may also invite any other Person or Persons to attend a General Meeting as observers and guests. All observers and guests may only address the assembly at the invitation of the Person presiding as chair, or by Ordinary Resolution.

### **6.3 Electronic Participation in General Meetings**

The Board may determine, in its discretion, to hold any General Meeting in whole or in part by Electronic Means, so as to allow some or all Members to participate in the meeting remotely.

Where a General Meeting is to be conducted using Electronic Means, the Board must take reasonable steps to ensure that all participants are able to communicate and participate in the meeting adequately and, in particular, that remote participants are able to participate in a manner comparable to participants present in person, if any.

Persons participating by permitted Electronic Means are deemed to be present at the General Meeting.

#### **6.4 Requirement of Quorum**

No business, other than the election of a Person to chair the meeting and the adjournment or termination of the meeting, will be conducted at a General Meeting at a time when a quorum is not present.

#### **6.5 Quorum**

A quorum at a General Meeting is the greater of one quarter (1/4) of the Members in good standing on the date of the meeting.

#### **6.6 Lack of Quorum**

If within 30 minutes from the time appointed for a General Meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of Members, will be terminated, but in any other case it will stand adjourned to the next day, at the same time and place, and if, at the adjourned meeting, a quorum is not present within 30 minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, the Members present will constitute a quorum and the meeting may proceed.

#### **6.7 Loss of Quorum**

If at any time during a General Meeting there ceases to be a quorum present, business then in progress will be suspended until there is a quorum present or until the meeting is adjourned or terminated.

#### **6.8 Chair**

The President (or, in the absence or inability of the President, the Vice-President) will, subject to a Board Resolution appointing another Person, preside as chair at all General Meetings.

If at any General Meeting the President, Vice-President and such alternate Person appointed by a Board Resolution, if any, are not present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their numbers to preside as chair at that meeting.

#### **6.9 Alternate Chair**

If a Person presiding as chair of a General Meeting wishes to step down as chair for all or part of that meeting, he or she may designate an alternate to chair such meeting or portion thereof, and upon such designated alternate receiving the consent of a majority of the Members present at such meeting, he or she may preside as chair.

#### **6.10 Chair to Determine Procedure**

In the event of any doubt, dispute or ambiguity in relation to procedural matters or parliamentary process at a General Meeting, the Person presiding as chair will have the authority to interpret



and apply such rules of order as the meeting has adopted and determine matters in accordance with those rules, as well as the Act and these Bylaws.

#### **6.11 Adjournment**

A General Meeting may be adjourned from time to time and from place to place, but no business will be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

#### **6.12 Notice of Adjournment**

It is not necessary to give notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting except where a meeting is adjourned for more than fourteen (14) days, in which case notice of the adjourned meeting will be given as in the case of the original meeting.

#### **6.13 Minutes of General Meetings**

The Secretary or such other Person designated by the Board will ensure that minutes are taken for all General Meetings.

### **7. VOTING BY MEMBERS**

#### **7.1 Ordinary Resolution Sufficient**

Unless the Act, these Bylaws or adopted rules of order provide otherwise, every issue for determination by a vote of the Members will be decided by an Ordinary Resolution.

#### **7.2 Entitlement to Vote**

Each Member in good standing is entitled to one (1) vote on matters for determination by the Members. No other Person is entitled to vote on a matter for determination by the Members, whether at a General Meeting or otherwise.

#### **7.3 Voting Other than at General Meeting**

The Board may, in its sole discretion, conduct a vote of the Members other than at a General Meeting, whether by mail-in ballot or Electronic Means, provided in each case that the Society provides each Member in good standing with notice of:

- (a) the text of the resolutions to be voted on;
- (b) the open and closing dates for casting a vote; and
- (c) instructions on how a Member may cast a vote.

#### **7.4 Voting Methods**

Voting by Members may occur by any one or more of the following methods, in the discretion of the Board:

- (a) by show of hands or voting cards;
- (b) by written ballot; or

- (c) by vote conducted by Electronic Means.

Where a vote is to be conducted by show of hands or voting cards, and prior to the question being put to a vote, a number of Members equal to not less than ten percent (10%) of the votes present may request a secret ballot, and where so requested the vote in question will then be conducted by written ballot or other means whereby the tallied votes can be presented anonymously in such a way that it is impossible for the assembly to discern how a given Member voted.

### **7.5 Voting by Chair**

If the Person presiding as chair of a General Meeting is a Member, then he or she may, in his or her sole discretion, cast a vote on any motion or resolution under consideration at the same time as voting occurs by all Members. A Person presiding as chair who is not a Member has no vote.

The Person presiding as chair of a General Meeting does not have a second or a casting vote in the event of a tie and a motion or resolution that is tied is defeated.

### **7.6 Voting by Proxy**

Voting by proxy is not permitted.

## **8. DIRECTORS**

### **8.1 Management of Property and Affairs**

The Board will have the authority and responsibility to manage, or supervise the management of, the property and the affairs of the Society.

### **8.2 Duties of Directors**

Pursuant to the Act, every Director will:

- (a) act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Society;
- (b) exercise the care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent individual would exercise in comparable circumstances;
- (c) act in accordance with Act and the regulations thereunder; and
- (d) subject to Sections 8.2(a) to 8.2(c), act in accordance with these Bylaws.

Without limiting sections 8.2(a) to (d), a Director, when exercising the powers and performing the functions of a Director, must act with a view to the purposes of the Society.

### **8.3 Qualifications of Directors**

Pursuant to the Act, a Person may not be nominated, elected or appointed to serve (or continue to serve) as a Director if he or she:

- (a) is less than eighteen (18) years of age;

- (b) has been found by any court, in Canada or elsewhere, to be incapable of managing his or her own affairs;
- (c) is an undischarged bankrupt; or
- (d) has been convicted of a prescribed offence within the prescribed period, for which no pardon has been granted, all in accordance with the Act.

#### **8.4 Composition of Board**

The Board will be composed of a minimum of eight (8) and a maximum of twenty-four (24) Directors, as follows:

- (a) not less than eight (8) and not more than nineteen (19) Persons, which number may be set by Board Resolution from time to time, each of whom will be elected by the Members in accordance with section 8.7;
- (b) not more than four (4) Persons appointed by Board Resolution from time to time in accordance with section 8.6; and
- (c) the director of the National Association.

#### **8.5 Invalidation of Acts**

No act or proceeding of the Board is invalid by reason only of there being less than the required number of Directors in office.

#### **8.6 Appointment of Directors**

The Board may, from time to time by Board Resolution, appoint as a Director a qualified Person with knowledge, experience or expertise considered by the Board to be beneficial to the Society.

Such appointed Directors will take office immediately upon the passing of such Board Resolution for a term as set out in section 8.11. The Board Resolution must set the term of the appointment.

Each Person appointed as a Director by Board Resolution will continue as a Director until the expiry of such Director's term, or until the appointment is revoked or altered by the Board Resolution.

#### **8.7 Election of Directors**

- (a) A Director is elected if an Ordinary Resolution electing the Person as a Director is approved in accordance with these Bylaws.
- (b) Directors will normally be elected at the annual general meeting of the Society and will take office commencing at the close of the following British Columbia High School Rodeo Finals. For greater clarity, a director continues to be a director (unless removed, resigned, etc.) and continues to have a vote until the end of the BC High School Rodeo Finals; and a person voted in as a new director at the Annual General Meeting does not become a director until the end of the BC High School Rodeo Finals unless made a director under Section 8.13.

## 8.8 **Nominating Committee**

- (a) The Nominating Committee for the Directors shall be composed of the President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer and National Director with the National Director acting as Chairperson.
- (b) Notwithstanding the list of candidates for election to the Board of Directors as may be prepared by the Nominating Committee, any three (3) Associate Members of the Association may nominate an Associate Member for election to the Board of Directors at the next Annual General Meeting of the Association, provided that the said nomination is in writing and consented to by the person so nominated; and provided that such nomination is delivered to the Chairman of the Nominating Committee at least one (1) week prior to the annual general meeting.
- (c) Nominations for election to the Board of Directors shall not be accepted from the floor of the Annual General Meeting or in any other manner than as provided herein

## 8.9 **Director of the National Association**

The director of the National Association, provided that he or she is and continues to be qualified in accordance with section 8.3, will be a Director, ex officio, and will serve as a Director for so long as he or she holds the position of director of the National Association. For clarity and as per the NHSRA rules, the Director of the National Association has a vote on the board the same as any other director.

## 8.10 **Transition of Directors' Terms**

Each Person who is a Director on the date these Bylaws come into force will continue as a Director for the remaining term to which he or she was elected, unless sooner ceasing in accordance with these Bylaws.

Any previous terms served by Directors prior to these Bylaws coming into force will not be counted towards the term limits set out below.

## 8.11 **Term of Directors**

The term of office of Directors will be two (2) years. However, the Board may by Board Resolution determine that some or all vacant Directors' positions will have a term of less than two (2) years, the length of such term to be determined by the Directors in their discretion.

For purposes of calculating the duration of a Director's term of office, the term will be deemed to commence at the close of the British Columbia High School Rodeo Finals. If, however, the Director was elected at an extraordinary general meeting his or her term of office will be deemed to have commenced at the close of the extraordinary general meeting.

## 8.12 **Extension of Term to Maintain Minimum Number of Directors**

Every Director serving a term of office will retire from office at the close of the BC High School Finals Rodeo in the year in which his or her term expires, provided that if insufficient successors are elected and the result is that the number of Directors would fall below eight (8), the Person or Persons previously elected as Directors may, if they consent, continue to hold office, and the term of such Director or Directors is deemed to be extended, until such time as successor Directors are elected.

### **8.13 Appointment to fill Vacancy**

If a Director ceases to hold office before the expiry of his or her term, the Board, by Board Resolution, may appoint a Member qualified in accordance with section 8.3 to fill the resulting vacancy.

The position occupied by an appointed replacement Director will become available for election at the next annual general meeting and each such appointed replacement Director will continue in office until the conclusion of the BC High School Finals Rodeo unless sooner ceasing to be a Director. The appointed replacement Director may run for the vacant position.

The period during which a Person serves as an appointed replacement Director does not count toward the term limits set out above.

### **8.14 Removal of Director**

The Members may remove a Director before the expiration of such Director's term of office by Special Resolution and may elect a replacement Director by Ordinary Resolution to serve for the balance of the removed Director's term.

### **8.15 Ceasing to be a Director**

A Person will immediately and automatically cease to be a Director:

- (a) upon the date which is the later of:
  - (i) the date of delivering his or her resignation in writing to the President or to the Address of the Society; and
  - (ii) the effective date of the resignation stated therein;
- (b) upon the expiry of his or her term, unless re-elected;
- (c) upon the date such Person is no longer qualified pursuant to section 8.3;
- (d) in the case of an appointed Director, upon the date such Director's appointment is revoked by Board Resolution;
- (e) in the case of the director of the National Association, upon ceasing to hold that position
- (f) upon his or her removal; or
- (g) upon his or her death.

## **9. POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE BOARD**

### **9.1 Powers of Directors**

The Board may exercise all such powers and do all such acts and things as the Society may exercise and do, and which are not by these Bylaws or by statute or otherwise lawfully directed or required to be exercised or done by the Members in General Meeting, but nevertheless subject to the provisions of:

- (a) all laws affecting the Society; and
- (b) these Bylaws and the Constitution.

Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Board will have the power to make expenditures, including grants, gifts and loans, whether or not secured or interest-bearing, in furtherance of the purposes of the Society. The Board will also have the power to enter into trust arrangements or contracts on behalf of the Society in furtherance of the purposes of the Society.

### **9.2 Policies and Procedures**

The Board may establish such rules, regulations, policies or procedures relating to the affairs of the Society as it deems expedient, provided that no rule, regulation, policy or procedure is valid to the extent that it is inconsistent with the Act, the Constitution or these Bylaws or the NHSRA Rules, Bylaws & Constitution. All rule changes must be forwarded to the National Association for approval.

### **9.3 Remuneration of Directors and Officers and Reimbursement of Expenses**

Directors must not receive remuneration from the Society for acting in their capacity as Directors. However, a Director may be reimbursed for all expenses necessarily and reasonably incurred by him or her while engaged in the affairs of the Society, provided that all claims for reimbursement are in accordance with established policies.

### **9.4 Investment of Property and Standard of Care**

If the Board is required to invest funds on behalf of the Society, the Board may invest the property of the Society in any form of property or security in which a prudent investor might invest. The standard of care required of the Directors is that they will exercise the care, skill, diligence and judgment that a prudent investor would exercise in making investments in light of the purposes and distribution requirements of the Society. The Board may establish further policies related to the investment of the Society's funds and property, provided that such policies are not contrary to the Act or these Bylaws.

### **9.5 Investment Advice**

The Directors may obtain advice with respect to the investment of the property of the Society and may rely on such advice if a prudent investor would rely upon the advice in comparable circumstances.

## 9.6 **Delegation of Investment Authority to Agent**

The Directors may delegate to a stockbroker, investment dealer, or investment counsel the degree of authority with respect to the investment of the Society's property that a prudent investor might delegate in accordance with ordinary business practice.

## 10. **PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD**

### 10.1 **Board Meetings**

Meetings of the Board may be held at any time and place determined by the Board.

Meetings may include regular meetings and ad hoc meetings, as determined by the Board.

Members and/or the public may be **invited** to join a Board meeting

### 10.2 **Regular Meetings**

The Board may decide to hold regularly scheduled meetings to take place at dates and times set in advance by the Board. Once the schedule for regular meetings is determined and notice given to all Directors, no further notice of those meetings is required to be provided to a Director unless:

- (a) that Director was not in office at the time notice of regular meetings was provided; or
- (b) the date, time or place of a regular meeting has been altered.

### 10.3 **Ad Hoc Meetings**

The Board may hold an ad hoc meeting in any of the following circumstances:

- (a) at the call of the President; or
- (b) by request of any two (2) or more Directors.

### 10.4 **Notice of Board Meetings**

At least two (2) days' notice will be sent to each Director of:

- (a) an ad hoc board meeting; or
- (b) a change to a regular board meeting for which notice was previously provided.

However, no formal notice will be necessary if all Directors were present at the preceding meeting when the time and place of the meeting was decided or are present at the meeting or waive notice thereof in writing or give a prior verbal waiver to the Secretary.

For the purposes of the first meeting of the Board held immediately following the election of a Director or Directors conducted at a General Meeting, or for the purposes of a meeting of the Board at which a Director is appointed to fill a vacancy in the Board, it is not necessary to give notice of the meeting to the newly elected or appointed Director or Directors for the meeting to be properly constituted.

If a meeting of the Board will permit participation by Electronic Means, the notice of that meeting must inform Directors and other participants (if any) that they may participate by Electronic Means and provide instructions on how to do so.

#### **10.5 Attendance at Board Meetings**

Every Director is entitled and expected to attend each meeting of the Board.

No other Person is entitled to attend meetings of the Board, but the Board may invite any Person or Persons to attend one or more meetings of the Board as advisors, observers or guests.

#### **10.6 Participation by Electronic Means**

The Board may determine, in its discretion, to hold any meeting or meetings of the Board in whole or in part by Electronic Means, so as to allow some or all parties to participate in the meeting remotely.

Where a meeting of the Board is conducted by Electronic Means, the Society must take reasonable steps to ensure that all participants are able to communicate and participate in the meeting.

#### **10.7 Quorum**

Quorum for meetings of the Board will be a majority of the Directors currently in office.

#### **10.8 Director Conflict of Interest**

A Director who has a direct or indirect material interest in a contract or transaction (whether existing or proposed) with the Society, or a matter for consideration by the Directors:

- (a) will be counted in the quorum at a meeting of the Board at which the contract, transaction or matter is considered;
- (b) will disclose fully and promptly the nature and extent of his or her interest in the contract, transaction or matter;
- (c) is not entitled to vote on the contract, transaction or matter;
- (d) will absent him or herself from the meeting or portion thereof:
  - (i) at which the contract, transaction or matter is discussed, unless requested by the Board to remain to provide relevant information; and
  - (ii) in any case, during the vote on the contract, transaction or matter; and
- (e) refrain from any action intended to influence the discussion or vote.

The Board may establish further policies governing conflicts of interest of Directors and others, provided that such policies must not contradict the Act or these Bylaws.



### **10.9 Chair of Meetings**

The President (or, in the absence or inability of the President, the Vice-President) will, subject to a Board Resolution appointing another Person, preside as chair at all meetings of the Board.

If at any meeting of the Board the President, Vice-President and such alternate Person appointed by a Board Resolution, if any, are not present within fifteen (15) minutes after the time appointed for the meeting or requests that he or she not chair that meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their number to chair that meeting.

### **10.10 Alternate Chair**

If the Person presiding as chair of a meeting of the Board wishes to step down as chair for all or part of that meeting, he or she may designate an alternate to chair such meeting or portion thereof, and upon such designated alternate receiving the consent of a majority of the Directors present at such meeting, he or she may preside as chair.

### **10.11 Chair to Determine Procedure**

In the event of any doubt, dispute or ambiguity in relation to procedural matters or parliamentary process at a meeting of the Board, the person presiding as chair will have the authority to interpret and apply such rules of order as the meeting has adopted and determine matters in accordance with those rules, as well as the Act and these Bylaws.

### **10.12 Minutes of Board Meetings**

The Secretary or such other Person designated by the Board will ensure that minutes are taken for all meetings of the Board.

## **11. DECISION MAKING AT BOARD MEETINGS**

### **11.1 Passing Resolutions and Motions**

Any issue at a meeting of the Board which is not required by the Act or these Bylaws to be decided by a resolution requiring more than a simple majority, will be decided by Board Resolution.

### **11.2 Resolution in Writing**

A Board Resolution may be in two or more counterparts which together will be deemed to constitute one resolution in writing. Such resolution will be filed with minutes of the proceedings of the Board and will be deemed to be passed on the date stated therein or, in the absence of such a date being stated, on the latest date stated on any counterpart.

### **11.3 Entitlement to Vote**

Subject to section 10.8, each Director is entitled to one (1) vote on all matters at a meeting of Board. No other Person is entitled to a vote at a meeting of the Board.

#### **11.4 Procedure for Voting**

Except where expressly provided for in these Bylaws, voting on matters at a meeting of the Board may occur by any one or more of the following mechanisms, in the discretion of the President:

- (a) by show of hands;
- (b) by written ballot;
- (c) by roll-call vote or poll; or
- (d) by Electronic Means.

On the request of any one (1) or more Directors, a vote will be conducted by written ballot or other means whereby the tallied votes can be presented anonymously, in such a way that it is impossible for the assembly to discern how a given Director voted.

#### **11.5 Passing a Resolution without a meeting**

For greater clarity, the board may pass a directors' resolution by electronic means without a meeting. The Secretary or President may call for a vote and the Secretary must enter into the minutes the question, any discussion and the casted votes including any directors that choose to abstain from the vote.

### **12. OFFICERS**

#### **12.1 Officers**

- a. The officers of the Society are the President, Vice-President, Secretary and Treasurer, together with such other offices, if any, as the Board, in its discretion, may create. The above required officers must be Directors.
- b. The director of the National Association will be an Officer, ex-officio, and will serve as an officer for so long as he or she holds the position of director of the National Association.
- c. The Board may, by Board Resolution, create and remove such other offices of the Society as it deems necessary and determine the duties and responsibilities of all officers.

#### **12.2 Election of Officers**

At each meeting of the Board immediately following an annual general meeting, the Board will elect the officers.

#### **12.3 Term of Officer**

The term of office for each officer will be one (1) year, commencing on the first meeting of the Board held after the BC High School Rodeo Finals and continuing until the first meeting of the

Board held after the BC High School Rodeo Finals. A Director may be elected as an officer for consecutive terms.

#### **12.4 Removal of Officers**

A Person may be removed as an officer by Board Resolution.

#### **12.5 Replacement**

Should the President or any other officer for any reason be unable to complete his or her term, the Board will remove such officer from his or her office and will elect a replacement without delay.

#### **12.6 Duties of President**

The duties of the president will be to:

- (a) Call the meeting to order, ascertain that a quorum is present.
- (b) Preside at all meetings of High School Rodeos of BC, and shall preserve order and decorum.
- (c) Be well versed in "Rules of Order", and thoroughly familiar with the bylaws and Provincial Handbook.
- (d) To authenticate by his or her signature, when necessary, all acts, orders, and proceeding of the meeting.
- (e) To declare the meeting adjourned when the membership/Directors so vote or, where applicable.
- (f) Provide leadership to BCHSRA which will result in attaining the objectives of BCHSRA.
- (g) Collaborate with board members so they may take an active part in the affairs of BCHSRA.

#### **12.7 Duties of Vice-President**

The Vice-President will assist the President in the performance of his or her duties and will, in the absence of the President, perform those duties. The Vice-President shall also perform such additional duties as may be assigned by the Board.

#### **12.8 Duties of Secretary**

The Secretary will be responsible for making the necessary arrangements for:

- (a) the issuance of notices of meetings of the Society and the Board;
- (b) the keeping of minutes of all meetings of the Society and the Board;

- (c) the custody of all records and documents of the Society, except those required to be kept by the Treasurer;
- (d) the maintenance of the register of Members; and
- (e) the conduct of the correspondence of the Society.

#### 12.9 Duties of Treasurer

The Treasurer will be responsible for making the necessary arrangements for:

- (a) the keeping of such financial records, reports and returns, including books of account, as are necessary to comply with the Act and the *Income Tax Act*; and
- (b) the rendering of financial statements to the Directors, Members and others, when required.

#### 12.10 Absence of Secretary at Meeting

If the Secretary is absent from any General Meeting or meeting of the Board, the Directors present will appoint another Person to act as secretary at that meeting.

#### 12.11 Combination of Offices of Secretary and Treasurer

The offices of Secretary and Treasurer may be held by one Person who will be known as the Secretary-Treasurer.

#### 12.12 Duties of the Director of the National Association

For clarity, the duties of the Director of the National Association are laid out in the **NHSRA Rules, By-Laws & Constitution** and may be changed at the National Association's discretion. Some of the duties outlined are:

- a. To monitor the BCHSRA to ensure all governing rules are followed, proper business and financial procedures are conducted
- b. To act as coordinator in all BCHSRA sanctioned rodeos; and to elevate any questions on rules to the National level.
- c. The decision of the National Director shall remain final unless reversed by the National Executive Committee

### 13. INDEMNIFICATION

#### 13.1 Indemnification of an Eligible Party

Subject to section 13.4 and the provisions of the Act, an Eligible Party will be indemnified by the Society against all costs, charges and expenses, including legal and other fees, actually and reasonably incurred in connection with any legal proceeding or investigative action, whether current, threatened, pending or completed, to which that Eligible Party, by reason of his or her holding or having held authority within the Society:

- (a) is or may be joined as a party to such legal proceeding or investigative action; or

- (b) is or may be liable for or in respect of a judgment, penalty or fine awarded or imposed in, or an amount paid in settlement of, such legal proceeding or investigative action.

### **13.2 Indemnification of an Eligible Party in a Subsidiary**

Notwithstanding section 13.1, the Society may, in its discretion, determine whether or not to indemnify an Eligible Party to the extent he or she is liable for or in respect of expenses by reason of holding or having held a position in a subsidiary, if any, of the Society, which position is equivalent to the position of an Eligible Party in the Society itself.

### **13.3 Advancement of Expenses**

To the extent permitted by the Act and subject to section 13.4, all costs, charges and expenses incurred by an Eligible Party with respect to any legal proceeding or investigative action may be advanced by the Society prior to the final disposition thereof, in the discretion of the Board, and upon receipt of an undertaking satisfactory in form and amount to the Board by or on behalf of the Eligible Party to repay such amount unless it is ultimately determined that the Eligible Party is entitled to indemnification hereunder.

### **13.4 Indemnification Prohibited**

Notwithstanding sections 13.1 and 13.2, the Society must not indemnify an Eligible Party against any costs, charges and expenses, including legal and other fees, incurred in connection with any legal proceeding or investigative action, if such Eligible Party:

- (a) has already been reimbursed for such expenses;
- (b) has been judged by a court, in Canada or elsewhere, or by another competent authority to have committed any fault or to have omitted to do anything that he or she ought to have done;
- (c) in relation to the subject matter of the legal proceeding or investigative action, did not act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Society or any subsidiary of the Society; or
- (d) in the case of a legal proceeding other than a civil proceeding, did not have reasonable grounds for believing that his or her conduct, in respect of which the legal proceeding or investigative action was brought, was lawful.

### **13.5 Indemnification not Invalidated by Non-Compliance**

The failure of an Eligible Party of the Society to comply with the provisions of the Act, or of the Constitution or these Bylaws, will not invalidate any indemnity to which he or she is entitled under this part.

### **13.6 Approval of Court**

The Society will apply to the court for any approval of the court to the extent such approval is required by the Act or otherwise to ensure that the indemnities herein are effective and enforceable.

### **13.7 Indemnification Deemed Term**

Each Eligible Party of the Society on being elected or appointed will be deemed to have contracted with the Society upon the terms of the foregoing indemnities.

### **13.8 Purchase of Insurance**

The Society may purchase and maintain insurance for the benefit of any or all Directors, officers, employees or agents against personal liability incurred by any such Person as a Director, officer, employee or agent.

## **14. COMMITTEES**

### **14.1 Creation and Delegation to Committees**

The Board may create such standing and special committees, working groups or task forces as may from time to time be required. Any such committee will limit its activities to the purpose or purposes for which it is appointed and will have no powers except those specifically conferred by a Board Resolution.

The Board may delegate any, but not all, of its powers to committees which may be in whole or in part composed of Directors as it thinks fit.

### **14.2 Standing and Special Committees**

Unless specifically designated as a standing committee, a committee is deemed to be a special committee and any special committee so created must be created for a specified time period only.

A special committee will automatically be dissolved upon the earlier of the following:

- (a) the completion of the specified time period; or
- (b) the completion of the task for which it was created.

### **14.3 Terms of Reference**

In the event the Board decides to create a committee, it must establish terms of reference for such committee. A committee, in the exercise of the powers delegated to it, will conform to any rules that may from time to time be imposed by the Board in the terms of reference or otherwise, and will report every act or thing done in exercise of those powers at the next meeting of the Board held after it has been done, or at such other time or times as the Board may determine.

### **14.4 Meetings**

The members of a committee may meet and adjourn as they think proper and meetings of the committees will be governed *mutatis mutandis* by the rules set out in these Bylaws governing proceedings of the Board.

#### **14.5 Student Executive Committee**

The Society will have a Student Executive Committee, composed of such Junior Members and Senior Members as have been elected by those classes of membership. The nomination procedures, composition, duties and powers of the student executive committee will be set out in terms of reference to be adopted by Board Resolution.

### **15. EXECUTION OF INSTRUMENTS**

#### **15.1 No Seal**

The Society may have a corporate seal but will not use the seal for the purpose executing documents.

#### **15.2 Execution of Instruments**

Contracts, documents or instruments in writing requiring the signature of the Society may be signed as follows:

- (a) by the President, together with one other director, or
- (b) in the event that the President is unavailable to provide a signature, by any two Directors

and all contracts, documents and instruments in writing so signed will be binding upon the Society without any further authorization or formality.

The Board will have power from time to time by Board Resolution to appoint any officer or officers, or any Person or Persons, on behalf of the Society either to sign contracts, documents and instruments in writing generally or to sign specific contracts, documents or instruments in writing.

#### **15.3 Signing Officers**

The Board will, from time to time by Board Resolution, appoint signing officers who shall be authorized to sign cheques and all banking documents on behalf of the Society.

### **16. FINANCIAL MATTERS AND REPORTING**

#### **16.1 Fiscal Year**

The fiscal year of the Society may be determined by the Board from time to time.

#### **16.2 Accounting Records**

The Society will maintain such financial and accounting records and books of account as are required by the Act and applicable laws.

### **16.3 Borrowing Powers**

In order to carry out the purposes of the Society, the Board may, on behalf of and in the name of the Society, raise or secure the payment or repayment of money in any manner it decides, including the granting of guarantees, and in particular, but without limiting the foregoing, by the issue of debentures.

### **16.4 Restrictions on Borrowing Powers**

The Members may by Ordinary Resolution restrict the borrowing powers of the Board.

### **16.5 When Audit Required**

The Society is not required to be audited. However, the Society will conduct an audit or review of its annual financial statements if:

(a) the Directors determine to conduct an audit or review engagement by Board Resolution; or

(b) the Members require the appointment of an auditor by Ordinary Resolution,

in which case the Society will appoint an auditor qualified in accordance with, and will comply with all relevant provisions of, Part 9 of the Act and these Bylaws.

### **16.6 Appointment of Auditor at Annual General Meeting**

If the Society determines to conduct an audit or review engagement, an auditor will be appointed at an annual general meeting, to hold office until such auditor is reappointed at a subsequent annual general meeting or a successor is appointed in accordance with the procedures set out in the Act or until the Society no longer wishes to appoint an auditor.

### **16.7 Vacancy in Auditor**

Except as provided in section 16.8, the Board will fill any vacancy occurring in the office of auditor and an auditor so appointed will hold office until the next annual general meeting.

### **16.8 Removal of Auditor**

An auditor may be removed and replaced by Ordinary Resolution in accordance with the procedures set out in the Act.

### **16.9 Notice of Appointment**

An auditor will be promptly informed in writing of such appointment or removal.

### **16.10 Restrictions on Appointment**

A Person who is not independent of the Society in accordance with section 113 of the Act must not be appointed or act as the auditor for the Society.



### **16.11 Auditor's Report**

The auditor, if any, must prepare a report on the financial statements of the Society in accordance with the requirements of the Act and applicable law.

### **16.12 Participation in General Meetings**

The auditor, if any, is entitled in respect of a General Meeting to:

- (a) receive every notice relating to the meeting to which a Member is entitled;
- (b) attend the meeting; and
- (c) to be heard at the meeting on any part of the business of the meeting that deals with the auditor's duties or function.

An auditor who is present at a General Meeting at which the financial statements are considered must answer questions concerning those financial statements, the auditor's report, if any, and any other matter relating to the auditor's duties or function.

## **17. NOTICE GENERALLY**

### **17.1 Method of Giving Notice**

Except as otherwise provided in these Bylaws, a notice may be given to a Member or a Director either personally, by delivery, courier or by mail posted to such Person's Registered Address, or, where the member has provided a fax number or electronic mail address, by fax or electronic mail, respectively. For greater clarity, social media is not an adequate form of notice.

### **17.2 When Notice Deemed to have been Received**

A notice sent by mail will be deemed to have been given on the day following that on which the notice was posted. In proving that notice has been given, it is sufficient to prove the notice was properly addressed and put in a Canadian Government post office receptacle with adequate postage affixed, provided that if, between the time of posting and the deemed giving of the notice, a mail strike or other labour dispute which might reasonably be expected to delay the delivery of such notice by the mails occurs, then such notice will only be effective when actually received.

Any notice delivered personally, by delivery or courier, facsimile, or electronic mail will be deemed to have been given on the day it was so delivered or sent.

### **17.3 Days to be Counted in Notice**

If a number of days' notice or a notice extending over any other period is required to be given, the day the notice is given or deemed to have been given and the day on which the event for which notice is given will not be counted in the number of days required.

## 18. MISCELLANEOUS

### 18.1 Dissolution

Upon winding up or dissolution of the Society, the assets which remain after payment of all costs, changes and expenses which are properly incurred in the winding up shall be distributed to:

Such charitable organizations or organizations registered under the provisions of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada) as may be determined by the members of the Society at the time of the winding up or dissolution.

This provision shall be unalterable.

The foregoing paragraph was previously unalterable and formed part of the Society's Constitution and is reproduced as it read immediately before the coming into force of the Act. This provision may be revised or removed from the Bylaws, despite the fact that it was previously unalterable.

### 18.2 Societies Act Transitional Requirements

The operations of the Society are to be carried out throughout the Province of British Columbia but chiefly in the City of Kamloops. This paragraph is alterable.

The foregoing paragraph formed part of the Society's Constitution and is reproduced as it read immediately before the coming into force of the Act. This provision may be revised or removed from the Bylaws.

### 18.3 Inspection of Documents and Records

The documents and records of the Society, including the financial and accounting records and the minutes of General Meetings, committee meetings and meetings of the Board, will be open to the inspection of any Director at reasonable times and on reasonable notice.

A Member in good standing is entitled, upon providing not less than fourteen (14) days' notice in writing to the Society, to examine any of the following documents and records of the Society at the Address of the Society during the Society's normal business hours:

- (a) the Constitution and these Bylaws, and any amendments thereto;
- (b) the statement of directors and registered office of the Society;
- (c) minutes of any General Meeting, including the text of each resolution passed at the meeting;
- (d) resolutions of the Members in writing, if any;
- (e) annual financial statements relating to a past fiscal year that have been received by the Members in a General Meeting;
- (f) the register of Directors;
- (g) the register of Members;

- (h) the Society's certificate of incorporation, and any other certificates, confirmations or records furnished to the Society by the Registrar;
- (i) copies of orders made by a court, tribunal or government body in respect of the Society;
- (j) the written consents of Directors to act as such; and
- (k) the disclosure of a Director or of the Executive Director regarding a conflict of interest.

Except as expressly provided by statute or at law, a Member will not be entitled or have the right to examine or inspect any other document or record of the Society. However, subject to such policies as the Board may establish, a Member in good standing may request, in writing delivered to the Address of the Society, to examine any other document or record of the Society and the Board may allow the Member to examine the document or a copy thereof, in whole or in part and subject to such redaction as the Board deems necessary, all in the Board's sole discretion.

Copies of documents to which a Member is allowed to examine may be provided on request by the Member for a fee to be determined by the Board.

#### **18.4 Right to become Member of other Society**

The Society will have the right to subscribe to, become a member of, and cooperate with any other society, corporation or association whose purposes or objectives are in whole or in part similar to the Society's purposes.

### **19. BYLAWS**

#### **19.1 Entitlement of Members to copy of Constitution and Bylaws**

On being admitted to membership, each Member is entitled to, and upon request the Society will provide him or her with, access to a copy of the Constitution and these Bylaws.

#### **19.2 Special Resolution required to Alter Bylaws**

These Bylaws will not be altered except by Special Resolution.

#### **19.3 Effective Date of Alteration**

Any alteration to the Bylaws or Constitution will take effect on the date notice of the alteration is filed with the Registrar in accordance with the Act.

THESE BYLAWS ADOPTED BY SPECIAL RESOLUTION DATED: \_\_\_\_\_, 2018.



**CERTIFIED COPY**  
Of a document filed with the  
Province of British Columbia  
Registrar of Companies

CAROL PREST

## CONSTITUTION

BC Society • Societies Act

NAME OF SOCIETY: **HIGH SCHOOL RODEOS OF B. C.**

Incorporation Number: S0011453

Business Number: 80241 2627 BC0001

Filed Date and Time: July 20, 2018 12:23 PM Pacific Time

The name of the Society is HIGH SCHOOL RODEOS OF B. C.

The purposes of the Society are:

The purposes of the Association are:

- a) To maintain membership status with the National High School Rodeo Association Inc.
- b) To promote high school rodeo on a National scale and work toward this by bringing national recognition to this activity for students.
- c) Promote the highest type of conduct and sportsmanship at the rodeos.
- d) Encourage boys and girls to continue in school and participate in rodeos and then go to college and participate there.
- e) Promote High School rodeos and promote participation by High School students in the said rodeo contests; to organize and promote rodeo school, practice sessions and related activities;
- f) To promote community interest in the rodeos and associated activities of the association by holding dances, raffles, parties, car washes or other associated endeavours in order to raise funds to carry out the purpose of the Association.

